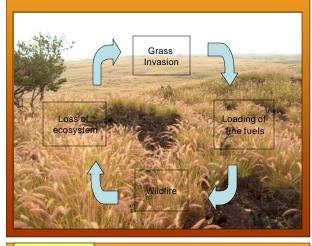
Wildfires

- Threaten residential communities
- Cause permanent loss of native dry forest and shrub ecosystems
- Degrade rangeland quality
- •Decrease available wildlife habitat
- Cause loss of cultural and biological heritage



Issue/problem

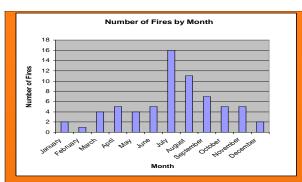
- Invasive grasses such as fountain grass spread in arid natural areas in Hawaii.
- Invasive grasses carry fire easily and are difficult to control.

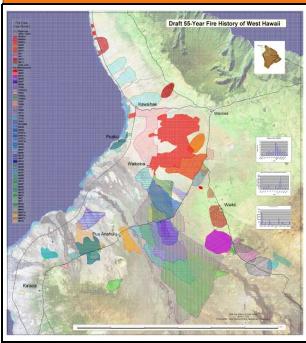


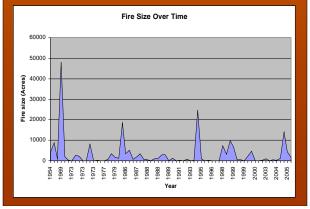
Ignitions

- Most fires are humancaused
- Most wildfires start along roadsides









Things you can do to protect your home and community

- Create defensible space around your home
 - Use fire safe construction materials
 - Apply a Firewise landscaping design



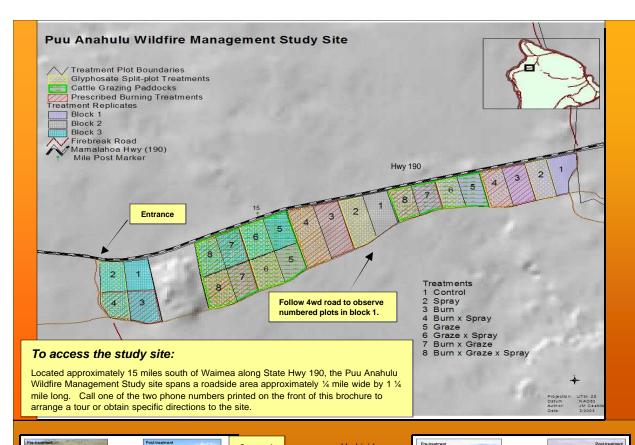
- Participate in community wildfire preparedness planning
- Visit www.Firewise.org to learn more

Fine Fuels Reduction Techniques for Landowners and other land managers

- Focus fine fuels along roadside areas
- Use combinations of prescriptions
- Consider weather patterns



This project was made possible with generous funding from the interagency Joint Fire Science Program.





Wildfire Fuels Management in West Hawaii

The Puu Anahulu Wildfire Management Study:

Techniques for Managing
Invasive Grass
Fuel Loads



The Puu Anahulu Wildfire Management Study is a collaborative research demonstration study to help identify and evaluate the effectiveness of a range of fine fuels management techniques.

For more information contact:

The West Hawai'i Wildfire Management Organization 501c3



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